1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS		
2	EASTERN I	DIVISION	
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4	DOROTHY HOLMES, on her own behalf and as the Special	}	
5	Administrator of the Estate of RONALD JOHNSON III, deceased	of {	
6		' } No. 14 CV 8536	
7	Plaintiff,	}	
8	VS.) Chicago, Illinois) October 5, 2016	
9	UNKNOWN JOHN DOE POLICE OFFICERS,	2:30 o'clóck p.m.	
10	Defendants.	}	
11			
12	TRANSCRIPT OF PROC		
13	BEFORE THE HONORABLE .	JUDGE EDMUND E. CHANG	
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(The following proceedings were had in open court:) 1 2 THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: 14 C 8536, Holmes versus 12:09:48 Officer Hernandez. 3 12:09:59 MR. KOSOGLAD: Good morning, Your Honor. 4 Jared 02:32:46 5 Kosoglad for the plaintiffs. 02:32:48 MS. MAISURIA: Good morning, Your Honor. 6 Ronak 02:32:48 Maisuria for the plaintiff. 7 02:32:50 MR. MCMAHON: Good morning, Your Honor. 8 Patrick 02:32:50 9 McMahon for the respondent. 02:32:52 02:32:53 10 MR. KABACINSKI: Good morning, Your Honor. 11 Kabacinski for the City of Chicago. 02:32:56 MS. FRONCZAK: Caroline Fronczak on behalf of the 12 02:32:57 02:32:59 13 City of Chicago. 02:33:00 14 MR. SCAHILL: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Timothy Scahill on behalf of Defendant Hernandez. 15 02:33:04 02:33:08 16 MS. NOLLER: Good afternoon. Your Honor. Lisa Noller 02:33:10 17 for respondent. THE COURT: Okay. Good afternoon. 02:33:15 18 02:33:16 19 All right. So I accelerated on the hearing on the 02:33:19 **20** motion to compel IPRA because I have a few questions I want to follow up on, and then we will hold a status on the case at 02:33:23 **21** 02:33:27 **22** large. So in trying to figure out just how burdensome it 02:33:29 **23** would be to produce the drafts of the summary reports, my 02:33:35 **24** first question is this: 02:33:45 **25**

1 02:33:48 2 02:33:51 3 02:33:56 4 02:34:01 5 02:34:05 6 02:34:09 7 02:34:10 8 02:34:12 9 02:34:15 02:34:21 **10** 11 02:34:26 12 02:34:28 02:34:31 13 14 02:34:38 15 02:34:41 02:34:47 **16** 02:34:53 17 02:34:55 18 19 02:34:59 02:35:02 **20** 02:35:05 **21** 02:35:07 **22** 02:35:10 **23** 02:35:13 **24**

02:35:18 **25**

In the initial response to the motion, IPRA stated that there were some instances in which the draft summary report was the only evidence of a nonconcurrence, right? And so I wager what that means is that for some reason or another, there was not a formal memo which documented the nonconcurrence.

Is that right?

MR. McMAHON: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And about how many -- how many instances did that happen, where you have produced a draft summary report because there was no formal memo?

MR. MCMAHON: I think there were about 13, and I believe we produced those to plaintiff.

THE COURT: So my question, and this may get to the burden issue, is how did you determine that in those 13 files, there was a nonconcurrence but there was no formal memo?

MR. MCMAHON: Well, Your Honor, from my understanding in speaking with our client, they had to go back to physical files and were flipping through some of these different draft summary reports, and if they noticed that there was a nonconcurrence within these drafts, that was the only evidence, there was no final form or memo. They separated that out, and then as part of plaintiff's discovery request, produced those in response.

THE COURT: So that was a review of some paper file

that represents the official file of that investigation? 1 02:35:29 MR. MCMAHON: Yes, Your Honor. 02:35:33 2 3 THE COURT: So that did not involve looking in like 02:35:34 file desk drawers of investigators or looking at either a 4 02:35:42 5 network or a local hard drive? 02:35:49 MR. MCMAHON: From my understanding, that is correct, 6 02:35:52 7 Your Honor. 02:35:54 THE COURT: And was that the number of files -- the 8 02:35:55 9 number of files reviewed there, was that the 212, or was that 02:36:00 02:36:04 10 the larger number, like 300 or so? 11 MR. MCMAHON: I believe it was --02:36:06 12 Do we have a clear answer on that? 02:36:08 02:36:10 13 MS. NOLLER: Our understanding is there are 212 that 02:36:13 14 have been determined to be -- to include draft summary 15 reports, just by the nature of the file, but it's not 212 02:36:18 02:36:23 16 documents, right, because of each version of the back and 02:36:26 17 forth deliberation in and among the investigators is a number of additional reports. 02:36:33 18 02:36:34 19 THE COURT: Right. 02:36:35 **20** What I mean is how many separate investigations does 02:36:39 **21** that represent in the 212? 02:36:44 **22** MR. MCMAHON: 212 separate investigations. 02:36:49 **23** MS. NOLLER: That is our understanding. 02:36:55 **24** THE COURT: Okay. So there is some irony here. 02:37:05 **25** The counsel who -- and this is before you were

1 02:37:07 2 02:37:09 3 02:37:10 4 02:37:15 5 02:37:23 6 02:37:31 7 02:37:40 8 02:37:47 9 02:37:53 10 02:37:56 11 02:37:58 12 02:37:58 13 02:38:01 14 02:38:05 15 02:38:09 02:38:16 **16** 02:38:17 17 02:38:19 18 02:38:21 19 02:38:23 **20** 02:38:30 **21** 02:38:37 **22** 02:38:40 **23**

02:38:41 **24**

02:38:45 **25**

brought on; is that right?

MR. MCMAHON: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: So the prior IPRA counsel actually went through approximately 212 paper investigation files and pulled out instances where the draft summary reports, or one of them, would be evidence of a nonconcurrence. And so, in theory, they could have just set out the draft summary reports in terms of the burden, just segregated them already, right, or put a Post-it on them and flagged it?

MR. MCMAHON: I don't think that is the case, Your Honor.

From my understanding, those were paper files, and there are several -- so these drafts and reports may or may not exist in paper form like that. A lot of times these are via Word documents going back and forth between investigators, which may track changes made, so not necessarily like handwriting on them and --

THE COURT: No, I understand that. Maybe I was not precise in my question.

What I mean to say is IPRA counsel went through 212 paper -- 212 investigative files in paper format looking for the draft summary reports, right?

MS. NOLLER: No.

I believe they looked for nonconcurrences.

THE COURT: But how would they determine that there

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was a nonconcurrence that is not formally documented without reading the draft summaries?

MS. NOLLER: So there is something in the paper -there was supposed to be something in the paper file that is a
final report. When there is a final report with all
signatures, that would be in the paper file. The prior draft
summary reports and the back and forth doesn't necessarily
make it into the paper file. That resides on the individual's
desktop or mainframe or all sorts of other relations.

So in those instances, they would look for the nonconcurrence. Where they found no final report, the version of report in there is essentially a final report, to the extent it exists.

THE COURT: Okay. So there are instances in which there is no final report?

MS. NOLLER: Those 13 cases, yes.

MR. MCMAHON: Right.

THE COURT: So those 13 instances --

So how do you know that that was a nonconcurrent situation?

MS. NOLLER: There is a nonconcurrent document that is in the file. So the paper file includes nonconcurrent.

Theoretically, Judge, there could be other files where there is nonconcurrence that was not stored in a file, we don't think so, but we can't say for certain that that is

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the case, because of the way that the IT system is set up and the way people store their files.

THE COURT: Okay. So I think I misinterpreted.

So the response on Page 5 says -- yes, Page 5, docket entry 179: Plaintiff's purported need for all draft summary reports for each of the hundreds of investigation files requested is to discover instances in which a supervisor or administrator has ordered an investigator to change his or her recommended finding.

To address this stated need, and without waiver of its privilege, IPRA agreed as a compromise to produce any draft summary report that is the only evidence of a nonconcurrence in a closed investigation.

So I interpret that to mean -- and this is along the lines of the questioning that opened up the hearing -- that there were some instances in which the investigative file did not have a formal memo that said, there is a nonconcurrence in this investigation, because the next sentence, or the last sentence in that paragraph says: Although plaintiff will also be receiving the formal nonconcurrence memorandums, if any, as part of the production of the closed investigation files.

So I took that to mean that there were -- that there is always supposed to be some kind of formal nonconcurrence memorandum, which is not the same as the final report.

0kay?

02:43:47	1	Is there supposed to be a formal nonconcurrence
	2	• •
02:43:50		memorandum that is separate and apart from just the final
02:43:53	3	report?
02:43:54	4	MR. MCMAHON: I believe those are separate. I
02:43:56	5	believe there is a memo in the documents of nonconcurrence,
02:43:59	6	and then there's also the final report.
02:44:01	7	THE COURT: That is published.
02:44:02	8	MR. MCMAHON: Right.
02:44:04	9	MS. NOLLER: Where it exists, right.
02:44:07	10	MR. MCMAHON: Right.
02:44:07	11	THE COURT: So I interpret this to mean that there
02:44:11	12	were instances in which there was not a formal nonconcurrence
02:44:18	13	memorandum.
02:44:20	14	MR. MCMAHON: Right.
02:44:20	15	THE COURT: And that the draft summary shows the
02:44:24	16	nonconcurrence. And so you turned those over, right?
02:44:28	17	MR. MCMAHON: If that was the only evidence that
02:44:31	18	there was no formal memo and there was a nonconcurrence that
02:44:35	19	was evident from the draft summary reports, we would enter
02:44:40	20	that single draft summary report for that specific case.
02:44:44	21	THE COURT: So I don't understand how the absence of
02:44:53	22	a final report, okay, not the formal nonconcurrence
02:44:58	23	memorandum, the absence of a final report, how does that
02:45:01	24	factor into the 13 instances?
02:45:03	25	MR. MCMAHON: The absence of a final report?
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THE COURT: Right.

Or does it not factor into the 13 instances?

MR. McMAHON: There is a final report.

MS. NOLLER: No. In those where there was not a final report, but we produced, frankly, the next best thing in an effort that was conciliatory, because there were instances of nonconcurrence, and we understood that that was what plaintiff was interested in.

THE COURT: Are you using the term "final report" to signify something different form the formal nonconcurrence memorandum?

Please do.

I'm trying to figure out -- it doesn't seem -- based on what is written in that response, it didn't seem that whether or not there is a final report, that report that gets published, has anything to do with these 13 instances of production.

MS. NOLLER: So it is my understanding those are two different documents, but Your Honor, we can clarify that. I see why you are asking the question.

THE COURT: Because if they are two separate documents -- and so the final report has nothing to do with this -- with the 13 instances. What I am trying to get at is how did you -- not you, directly, but how did prior IPRA counsel figure out that, here are 13 instances where there was

a nonconcurrence, but there was no formal nonconcurrence memo? 1 02:46:25 MR. MCMAHON: 2 Right. 02:46:30 3 THE COURT: Okav. 02:46:31 And so if they did that by -- and again, this goes 4 02:46:33 back to the burden question -- going through, you know, these 5 02:46:37 212 files and reading the draft summary reports, right, in 6 02:46:41 7 order to figure out -- I mean, I suppose the instances where 02:46:45 there was a formal nonconcurrence memo, maybe they skipped 8 02:46:51 that file, like they were going to produce that; but, 9 02:46:55 02:46:58 **10** otherwise, even if a file has the final report, you know, the 11 report that gets published, and no formal nonconcurrence 02:47:04 memorandum, it sounds like what they did was they read through 12 02:47:10 02:47:13 **13** the paper copies of the draft summary reports in the 212 02.47.17 14 files. And if they already had done that, then they should 15 have just slapped a Post-it or something on them, the draft 02:47:22 summary reports, so that if they needed to be copied at some 02:47:25 16 02:47:29 **17** point, then no additional burden there. 02:47:33 18 That is separate, I agree, from hard drives 02:47:37 19 and network drives and all of that, but I -- I would wager 02:47:42 **20** that the plaintiffs would want at least the paper copies, you 02:47:45 **21** know, even if it would be really difficult to retrieve 02:47:48 **22** electronic copies. 02:47:50 **23** Right? 02:47:50 **24** MR. KOSOGLAD: Yes, Judge. 02:47:52 **25** THE COURT: Okay. Do you have any understanding from

02:47:54	1	talking with the prior IPRA counsel about the 13 instances and
02:47:58	2	how that was generated?
02:47:59	3	MR. KOSOGLAD: No.
02:48:09	4	THE COURT: All right.
02:48:10	5	Now, with regard to potential electronic versions.
02:48:14	6	So how many IPRA investigators were there during this
02:48:21	7	five-year time period, roughly?
02:48:24	8	MR. MCMAHON: I don't know the total number that were
02:48:28	9	involved over that time period. I know on each investigation,
02:48:32	10	typically, there were two to three. I am not sure what kind
02:48:36	11	of turnover they had over that five-year period. But each
02:48:40	12	investigation
02:48:41	13	THE COURT: Like currently, how many are there?
02:48:44	14	MR. MCMAHON: 5 or 6?
02:48:46	15	MS. NOLLER: 3 or 4 at the initial level, then
02:48:50	16	there's 2 or 3 supervisors, and then there's a final person,
02:48:52	17	and then the head of the agency.
02:48:56	18	So they each have drafts and deliberations going back
02:48:59	19	and forth.
02:49:00	20	THE COURT: Right. So at the initial the 3 or 4
02:49:05	21	investigators at the first level, they are well, are they
02:49:09	22	typically the ones who generate the first drafts?
02:49:12	23	MR. MCMAHON: Yes. Yes, Your Honor.
02:49:20	24	THE COURT: Yeah, that is a smaller number than I
02:49:22	25	thought. That is not a whole lot of investigators, even if

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there is turnover in the five-year period.

MR. MCMAHON: Well, Your Honor, I would say that although the investigator number is small, the number of drafts that exist in any one investigation would be significantly higher than just the number of investigators, as far as number of drafts that go back and forth.

I don't know what kind of naming schemes they might be using on these files, as far as they're easy to locate looking through a hard drive. To the extent that they even exist in electronic form, some investigators, I imagine, as you saw, would print these off and write notes in the margin and give them back, maybe, and then more exchanges would occur.

So as far as the number of investigators, Your Honor, you are correct, in that there may be only three, and there's only 8 to 10 that are in the office, but as it correlates to the number of drafts that exist in any one investigation, that number could be significantly higher.

THE COURT: Okay. When you are talking about the "printed copies," those would appear in the paper file?

MR. MCMAHON: Ideally, Your Honor. However, from my understanding, and in speaking with the client, how these drafts go back and forth -- it is not a perfect system, we will say that.

THE COURT: Okay.

1 Assume for the moment that with regard to paper 02:50:47 2 copies, if the search is limited to the paper files that 02:50:51 3 represent the official investigative file, which it -- which 02:50:56 prior counsel might have already gone through, so just set 4 02:51:01 that aside for the moment, and indeed, that may end up, if I 5 02:51:05 decide -- there is other balancing I have to do here, but just 6 02:51:10 on the issue of burden, if that is the limit of your paper 7 02:51:16 copy search, right, it may already have been, in essence, 8 02:51:19 9 done, so I might not require you to look under the radiator 02:51:23 and in closets and things like that. Okay? Because all five 02:51:32 **10** 02:51:37 11 years' worth are still on site wherever IPRA's office is, 12 right? 02:51:43 02:51:43 13 I can't represent that every draft MR. McMAHON: 02.51.45 14 summary report --02:51:46 **15** THE COURT: No, no. 02:51:47 **16** Just the official investigative file. 02:51:50 17 MR. MCMAHON: Yes. THE COURT: There is some retrieval issue. 02:51:51 18 02:51:54 19 MR. MCMAHON: Yes. 02:51:54 **20** THE COURT: Okay. 02:51:55 **21** Back to the electronic version. So have you actually 02:52:09 **22** conferred with investigators to ask them whether they stored electronic versions, and if so, if they had naming conventions 02:52:16 **23** and file folders with the investigation numbers and so on? 02:52:26 **24** The extent of our conversation has been 02:52:30 **25** MR. MCMAHON:

primarily with IPRA's general counsel and his understanding 1 02:52:34 with the process. 2 02:52:38 3 She -- the documents are saved typically locally on 02:52:39 their machines. From my understanding, they don't share --4 02:52:46 5 have a shared drive that they necessarily keep a living 02:52:51 document on. 6 02:52:52 And to the earlier point, as far as any turnover, 7 02:52:53 those machines, those old machines, may be somewhere else now 8 02:52:56 9 that have drafts saved on them and are no longer in use. To 02:53:01 02:53:05 10 the extent that IPRA even has control over them, I am not 11 02:53:09 sure. 12 But these draft summary reports are not necessarily 02:53:09 02:53:12 13 -- they are not included in the final investigatory file, so these drafts weren't --02.53.18 14 15 02:53:18 THE COURT: Okay. 02:53:19 **16** MR. MCMAHON: Like I mentioned before, it is not a perfect system. 02:53:20 17 02:53:21 18 THE COURT: All right. 02:53:22 19 So the electronic version, did they -- did IPRA have 02:53:35 20 a template that the investigators used to start out each draft? 02:53:38 **21** 02:53:39 **22** MR. McMAHON: I do not know the answer to that question, Your Honor. 02:53:41 **23** 02:53:42 24 THE COURT: And this is a draft of what becomes the final report, right? 02:53:44 **25**

02:53:46	1	MR. MCMAHON: Yes.
02:53:46	2	THE COURT: And so the final report, would it have a
02:54:01	3	particular title or key words that would not otherwise appear
02:54:11	4	typically in other documents?
02:54:13	5	MR. MCMAHON: Do you mean as it is saved in the
02:54:15	6	computer, Your Honor? Or when you say "title," what
02:54:21	7	THE COURT: If it has some kind of fancy title, like
02:54:24	8	IPRA final report of investigation.
02:54:27	9	MR. MCMAHON: Dot doc or something?
02:54:32	10	THE COURT: No.
02:54:37	11	There is software that can search for any string of
02:54:41	12	words.
02:54:41	13	MR. McMAHON: Right.
02:54:42	14	THE COURT: Whether it is with a file name or
02:54:44	15	content.
02:54:45	16	MR. MCMAHON: Okay.
02:54:45	17	THE COURT: So I am is there
02:54:49	18	Well, you have seen some of these final reports,
02:54:53	19	right? What do you think?
02:54:54	20	If you were able to give them a search term, is there
02:54:58	21	a string of words that would not call up a whole bunch of
02:55:01	22	other irrelevant documents that would cause additional review
02:55:07	23	that they would have to do?
02:55:08	24	MR. KOSOGLAD: I think so.
02:55:09	25	I mean, working with them, you can imagine things

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like summary digest report, draft summary report, would be how they would be saved. That is pending on talking to the investigators, and --

THE COURT: I am not talking about the file name, because if they did not have a file name convention, then that's not going to work well.

But I mean -- and maybe IPRA does not have this on their computers, and we can talk about costs and if the plaintiff has to share some of the cost and so on. But there are ways to search contents of files, be they PDF or word processing documents; the content, not the file names.

MR. KOSOGLAD: I understand.

THE COURT: So what do you think?

MR. KOSOGLAD: Yes, I think that we could -- I mean, I haven't not thought of that before, but looking at the various files, I am sure there are text strings that you could look at that follow each and every file, or would follow most of the files, because even though there may not be an actual template that they use, they do follow the same format.

So there ought to be ways of searching that would retrieve only reports or draft reports based on text strings. I wouldn't have an example that I could give you right now, because I haven't compared the files in that level of detail, but I am sure that we could come up with something.

MS. NOLLER: This exercise was just done in another

case for Judge Gotschall, but the vendor that the City uses 1 02:56:34 got the number of individual drives that needed to be imaged, 02:56:39 2 3 it got a quote for 5,000 to \$9,000 per drive, and that is just 02:56:44 for a forensic to collect the hard drives. Running the search 4 02:56:50 5 terms, then it depends on the number of search terms and the 02:56:54 number of documents in that file. 6 02:56:59 7 That also was exclusive of -- that was just reports. 02:57:00 so PDF and Word documents. 8 02:57:04 9 THE COURT: When you say "reports," does that include 02:57:12 interview witness reports and that sort of thing? 02:57:15 **10** 02:57:18 11 MS. NOLLER: That's a good question. We didn't ask that question. 12 02:57:20 02:57:20 13 It was meant to be narrower and try and drive the cost down and --02.57.25 14 02:57:27 15 THE COURT: All right. So in another case, IPRA investigator computers have 02:57:28 16 been imaged? 02:57:32 **17** MS. NOLLER: No, there was just a quote for the 02:57:35 18 imaging. 02:57:37 19 02:57:38 20 THE COURT: Oh, okay. MS. NOLLER: The motion is now held in abeyance, and 02:57:39 **21** 02:57:44 **22** I don't believe it will be granted. They were asked to do the 02:57:47 **23** exercise. THE COURT: To just get a cost estimate? 02:57:48 **24** 02:57:50 **25** MS. NOLLER: Right.

1 02:57:51 2 02:57:55 3 02:57:59 4 02:58:03 5 02:58:06 6 02:58:13 7 02:58:14 8 02:58:17 9 02:58:22 10 02:58:27 11 02:58:31 12 02:58:36 02:58:41 13 02:58:44 14 02:58:48 **15** 02:58:53 16 02:58:59 17 18 02:59:07 02:59:11 19 02:59:19 **20** 02:59:21 **21** 02:59:27 **22** 02:59:33 **23** 02:59:36 **24** 02:59:42 **25**

But I actually agree there probably are search terms. Like any string of search terms, some are going to be better than others. And if you have to OCR the files, that adds an additional layer of cost for the Word documents, but for the PDF -- I mean, it can be done. It is just expensive and it takes a long time.

THE COURT: All right.

So, first, check with IPRA, their IT Department, whether they already have installed on either computers -- and if it is not the computers that you would need -- if they have a license to do this where this software would be able to search already the content of files without having to re-image them.

I can tell you on the Court's computers, I can run a search across PDFs, WordPerfect documents, MS Word, all sorts of files, for content. And now, you know, that may be something that IPRA's IT exceeds -- it might exceed IPRA's IT capacity, but let's find out. Because if it is possible, then that kind of key word searching would then be the next point of discussion in terms of alleviating the burden of looking through what sounds like a haphazard file naming convention, and even file folders of the investigations.

Okay. And so just to help me understand this further, when you say in the supplemental response, that sometimes comments are made digitally, does that mean that a

1 02:59:50 2 03:00:00 3 03:00:03 4 03:00:11 5 03:00:11 6 03:00:13 7 03:00:17 8 03:00:21 9 03:00:27 03:00:28 10 03:00:32 11 12 03:00:33 03:00:35 13 03:00:46 14 03:00:51 15 03:00:53 16 03:00:54 17 03:00:58 18 03:01:02 19 03:01:07 **20** 03:01:10 **21** 03:01:14 **22** 03:01:17 23 03:01:18 24 03:01:20 **25**

reviewer sent back an email, or there was -- although you said this was no shared drive, there was some kind of document on some accessible drive that they could just write onto directly?

MR. MCMAHON: Your Honor, in that instance, for digital comments, I just meant along the lines of track changes, digitally, rather than writing pen and paper in the margin. So a document that is getting pushed back and forth using track changes.

THE COURT: So being pushed back and forth via email? MR. MCMAHON: Yes. sir.

MS. NOLLER: And sometimes just the cover of the emails reflect those as well. And that 5 to \$9,000 estimate did not include searching that, I believe.

MR. KOSOGLAD: I'm sorry.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. KOSOGLAD: May I ask a question? It sounds to me that if they are sharing the drafts amongst each other via email, most email programs provide for the ability to do searches. So it wouldn't even be that complicated to do an email search for the drafts, instead of looking at the actual hard drives for locally-saved files, if they are on a server somewhere.

THE COURT: That does assume that the email has enough content that is reliably going to be picked up by a

1 03:01:25 2 03:01:32 3 03:01:37 4 03:01:40 5 03:01:43 6 03:01:46 7 03:01:49 8 03:01:52 9 03:01:54 10 03:01:56 11 03:02:00 12 03:02:04 13 03:02:05 03:02:08 14 03:02:08 15 03:02:11 16 03:02:13 17 03:02:18 18 03:02:21 19 03:02:27 **20** 03:02:31 **21** 03:02:34 **22** 03:02:38 **23** 03:02:42 **24** 03:02:45 **25**

search. Like it could easily be, here is what I think about X, X investigation, without something as reliable as, digest summary report, or whatever the string of words are.

MR. KOSOGLAD: I guess if we used that same string to do a search through emails, we would still get the reports.

We might get some extra stuff that could be excluded, but --

THE COURT: You are saying that if you run the search through the attachments to the emails?

MR. KOSOGLAD: Right. Right.

I mean, my -- right. If that is the method they are sharing amongst each other, then it should actually be a very simple process in doing that.

THE COURT: And have you ever hired a vendor to do that?

MR. KOSOGLAD: No.

MS. NOLLER: So since we are talking about burden, one other point, Your Honor, is that there are, separate and apart from deliberative process privilege, communications in the track change comments from time to time when attorneys are weighing in. And so it is not -- every single one of them would have to be reviewed, which would be the responsible thing to do anyway, of course, but it is not as simple that if you find the deliberate process privilege doesn't count, we still have to do review for attorney/client and work product.

THE COURT: Right.

1 03:02:47 2 03:02:56 3 03:03:04 4 03:03:06 5 03:03:10 6 03:03:14 7 03:03:18 8 03:03:28 9 03:03:31 10 03:03:37 11 03:03:38 12 03:03:42 03:03:46 13 03:03:53 14 15 03:04:01 03:04:09 16 03:04:12 17 03:04:16 18 03:04:18 19 03:04:21 **20** 03:04:25 **21** 03:04:28 **22** 03:04:39 **23** 03:04:48 **24** 03:04:55 **25**

And I think part of the issue here on burden is -right now it not very concrete in my mind as to how burdensome
this is. That is why I am asking these questions.

It may be that on the paper copy, that the burden is not very significant, because it has already been shouldered, or should have already been shouldered.

On the electronic versions, that is where it is more amorphous right now, and it may that something like taking a sampling might be the first step to try to figure out how burdensome it would be.

For example, you know, you pick one investigator for one period of time and then see what you get out of that search, and if each investigative file has a dozen drafts, then I can see the burden being significant, but if it shows one or two drafts, then that is a very different burden.

Okay. Here is how we will move forward right now, and this is all assuming you want to pursue this?

MR. KOSOGLAD: Yes, Judge.

THE COURT: I keep saying it every status, that I warned you that this Monell discovery would keep pushing out discovery. Okay.

So the -- I am not sure what to call it now. So the second supplemental response from IPRA on the -- on how the paper copy search was done. Okay? And that shouldn't take too long. You are just going to talk to whoever the prior

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03:07:42 **25**

counsel was.

So file that description by October 11. And you understand what I am getting at, right? Like, how did the 13 instances get generated, and then did that include a review of each draft summary report in those paper files.

MR. MCMAHON: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And then also just what the number of paper files they looked at, investigations, separate, I am not talking about each document, but how many, just to confirm that it was either the 212, or whatever the other number was.

MR. MCMAHON: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And -- Okay.

And then the -- with regard to the electronic versions, let's get an answer from the IT Department about the capability of doing text searching on the local drives and confirm with the -- so some of the current investigators have been with IPRA before October 2014?

MR. MCMAHON: I believe they are, Your Honor, but I would have to check to make sure.

THE COURT: Okay.

Confirm with any of the investigators who are currently there, and were there before October 12, 2014, that they did not have a file naming convention for their draft summary reports, and where they would save electronic versions rather than filtering this through the general counsel. And I

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say this not to intrude into how you deal with your client, but I -- I am still trying to do this somewhat informally this way, as opposed to having some kind of 30(b)(6) set of depositions just on how records were kept.

So have as specific answers as possible and who they are, okay, who you talked to. All right?

MR. MCMAHON: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right.

See if you can do this by October 11 also.

MR. MCMAHON: In the same response?

THE COURT: Yes, in the same response.

And then we will reconvene after that.

But let me let the plaintiffs pipe in on anything you want to at this point.

MR. KOSOGLAD: The only thing that I would add is, and I might be wrong, we will investigate about searching the email system, but it would seem like that it might actually be a lot easier than searching local drives on computers. If you can punch in an investigation number and retrieve emails related to that investigation from the server, and then identify the reports, it doesn't seem like -- again, if there are 12 drafts sent among 7 people and this produces thousands of emails, or something like that, then it is not going to be -- it is going to be too burdensome; but if it comes back with something that is more simple, and perhaps doing it through a

1 03:09:29 2 03:09:33 3 03:09:37 4 03:09:40 5 03:09:42 6 03:09:45 7 03:09:48 8 03:09:49 9 03:09:52 03:09:55 **10** 11 03:10:00 12 03:10:01 03:10:04 13 14 03 · 10 · 08 15 03:10:12 03:10:19 **16** 03:10:23 17 03:10:26 18 03:10:30 19 03:10:36 **20** 03:10:40 **21** 03:10:43 **22** 03:10:47 **23**

03:10:52 **24**

03:10:52 **25**

sampling, as the Court suggested, to test it and see if it would work, I was wondering if they couldn't, when they talk to the IT Department, ask about the feasibility of conducting an email search like that.

THE COURT: Yes, why don't you make that part of the conversation too. Search both the emails themselves and the attachments to emails.

MS. NOLLER: So, Your Honor, since we are talking about burden, can I interject something that may make a lot of this -- not moot, but less important?

THE COURT: All right.

MS. NOLLER: Given the relevance and purpose that plaintiffs have stated for why they want these, did somebody -- were investigators directed to change or delete documents, if there are let's call it 7 or 8 investigators, we will obviously get that number for you during that five-year period of time, deposing those investigators, and we would produce them for deposition, to say then, sir, at any point were you asked to change or delete your file; and if the answer is yes, in which instances, who directed you, what file, what was changed, that is a far more efficient process, because it is not just asking City of Chicago IT Department, Judge, it is asking the vendor who was retained by the City of Chicago IT Department.

I think we can do it in a week, but I don't want to

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overpromise and undergive.

THE COURT: The problem with that, and I am not making any ruling whatsoever, is that it depends on the honesty of the investigator.

MS. NOLLER: So do the paper documents.

THE COURT: Not necessarily.

MS. NOLLER: If someone was absolutely adamant that they were going to delete something in their file, it wouldn't come up during the search.

THE COURT: There is a difference between absolute -- I don't know the noun -- adamancy and scrubbing your documents.

So maybe they had the foresight, if they wanted to alter the conclusion and not ever have it show up, but quite possibly not. And as I said, I am not making any finding whatsoever. It is just that any litigant is going to want to have the documents before the deposition, and also, any litigant is not going to just accept the word of the person who either is the accused, or if they are the ones who have been ordered to change their conclusion or to omit facts, they still may not want to 'fess up to that.

So I understand the attempt to short circuit that, but I don't think that is sufficient.

Okay. Anything else?

MR. KOSOGLAD: Not today, Judge.

1 03:12:42 2 03:12:43 3 03:12:46 4 03:12:49 5 03:12:49 6 03:12:52 7 03:12:56 8 03:12:59 9 03:13:03 03:13:05 **10** 03:13:10 11 03:13:14 12 03:13:18 13 03.13.20 14 15 03:13:24 03:13:27 **16** 03:13:29 17 03:13:30 18 03:13:34 19 03:13:37 **20** 03:13:40 **21** 03:13:44 **22** 03:13:48 **23** 03:13:49 **24** 03:13:50 **25**

THE COURT: All right.

On the case at large, what else is going on in fact discovery, which is, theoretically, supposed to close November 14?

MS. MAISURIA: Your Honor, from our perspective, we have two depositions left to take. One is Assistant State's Attorney Bonnie Greenstein. Her deposition has been scheduled for sometime in November. It has been rescheduled a few times, but I believe we now have a firm date.

And we are still awaiting dates for Detective Switalski. I was informed by Mr. Kabacinski that he is on medical leave. We have been trying to get dates for him since I believe March of 2016, and it may have been going back as far as January. And I was just informed that because he is on medical leave, there are apparently no accommodations that can be made for his deposition, and they are not willing to produce him at all.

I have asked for some details as to what -- what the issue is, why accommodations will not be possible, and I have also some asked for some details as to when his medical leave began, because we have been asking for this individual since March. It has been about six months, and I have not received a response to my inquiries.

THE COURT: Okay. What is going on?

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MR. KABACINSKI: So, as to Detective Switalski's medical condition, he is on disability; he is not on medical leave. He is not expected to return to the Chicago Police Department at any point in the future.

I don't know how much further I can get into the specifics of his medical condition. I don't actually know specifically what the condition is.

I know I have spoken to his doctor, I know that the doctor is willing to write us a note to that effect, and it can be filed under seal. But it is my understanding that he has a condition that prevents him from even leaving his house some days and that no accommodations can be made to have him sit for a deposition. It simply would be too stressful. He can't do it.

THE COURT: So remind me -- first, spell his name.

MR. KABACINSKI: Sure. It's S-w-i-t-a-l-s-k-i.

THE COURT: Okay.

And what is -- and this is for the plaintiff. What is his alleged role?

MS. MAISURIA: He is one of the detectives that's involved in investigating this incident. Specifically, he is involved in taking the statement of Reginald Benson, who was an individual in the car with Mr. Johnson before he was shot.

Mr. Benson gave a statement to detectives later that night, basically saying that he heard some racking sound in

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the car and suggesting that there was a gun being cocked in the back seat, which the detectives relied on in finding that Mr. Johnson did have a gun.

Mr. Benson, when he was deposed, stated that he felt pressured by detectives when he made that statement, and that the whole idea of the gun being racked and hearing that sound actually was suggested to him by detectives, which is why we want to take the detective's deposition.

THE COURT: And Detective Switalski is one of the alleged -- one of the detectives who allegedly intimidated him?

MS. MAISURIA: Mr. Benson was not able to identify him by name, but he said it was the detective that dealt mostly with him and provided the statement, and Detective Switalski is the one listed in all the reports.

We deposed another detective, Detective Girardi (phonetic), who we said that Detective Switalski is the one that took the statements, so all signs are pointed at this detective.

THE COURT: But he is not a named defendant?

MS. MAISURIA: He is not.

THE COURT: But you represent him for purposes of the deposition?

MR. KABACINSKI: Correct, Judge.

THE COURT: Okay.

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So we will need not just a note, but actual medical records, the underlying medical records, that form the basis for the argument, essentially a motion to quash the subpoena, although you have not formally subpoenaed him?

MS. MAISURIA: It was just noticed.

And Your Honor, I am not sure whether this will go into play either, but as I mentioned, I would like some information as to when his medical condition arose, because we have been trying to schedule this for 6 months. There were repeated emails sent saying, please get me dates, please get me dates, and I just never received an adequate response from the City.

THE COURT: Okay.

Do you dispute that they have been trying since March?

MR. KABACINSKI: I do not dispute that, Your Honor. But what I will say is that when this all started, we didn't know where he was. So we are trying to get in touch with him. We can't get in touch with him back in March, and that's why it is taking so long. We finally determined he is on medical leave, he is not coming back. This all has happened in the last few weeks.

I don't know how long he has been on medical leave.

I can't represent that to the Court. I will represent that it has been a substantial amount of time. It has been at least

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six months, but I don't know exactly.

THE COURT: So the length of time it took to figure out his disability status may or may not be an issue. All right? Because if he has been on this status for longer than six months, it is not an issue. If it is shorter, then it may become an issue, and we can look into that further at that point.

So this is what we will do: File a motion -- the defense will file a motion for a protective order, basically, to prevent the deposition. So support that with medical records, which you can file under seal, but not ex parte, it will be exposed to plaintiff, as well as sufficient medical records to show -- not just to show the condition, but also when the onset occurred, and that might just wipe out the -- how much diligence or not there was in responding.

But then with respect to the deposition itself, if the doctor is going to opine, it ought to be very specific as to what the limitations are, and if it is a mobility issue, then there may be some need to arrange a deposition in his home. If it is a mental issue, then we will scrutinize the medical records for that as well.

So file that -- and obviously, if you need to get a subpoena to the physician, then you can do that, but on October 19, so two weeks out.

MS. FRONCZAK: We were just thinking -- I don't know

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that Mr. Switalski would agree to the release of his medical records. To the extent that he won't waive that, should we file the appropriate HIPAA order with the Court?

THE COURT: Yes. Then go ahead and file a subpoena. If there is not already a HIPAA -- I am making a finding that it is necessary for litigation, so the exception applies, and then you can subpoena the physician.

And let the physician's office know that you have an October 19 deadline and that the Court has authorized an accelerated motion to compel if they don't provide you the records on time.

MS. FRONCZAK: Okay.

THE COURT: Okay. Then let's reconvene on the IPRA issue -- let's see. Next week is pretty ugly. So let's do this: October 17 at --

Sandra, did we set something this morning for the 17th?

THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: No, Judge.

THE COURT: -- (continuing) 9:30.

So this second supplemental response, since we won't meet until the 17th, kick it out until the 12th. And when the plaintiff gets the response, take a look at it, and then it may be fruitful before the 17th to confer with the other side again, at least on ideas on how to make this production, if I end up ordering it.

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The burden is, I think, the crucial issue at this point. I do believe the deliberative process would cover the decisionmaking. Even though it is not to set global policy, these kind of individual government decisions, I think, are covered by the deliberative process. Some of these deliberative process cases arise out of individual government decisions on whether to file a labor complaint or prosecution, so I think it is covered by deliberative process.

At the same time, I do believe it is relevant, and the Guzman case, which the defense cited, also acknowledged that this kind of back and forth can be relevant to a Monell claim, and it will likely come down to the burden though.

All right. So we will reconvene on that October 17th date on the IPRA issue.

And then I will set another -- assuming I can resolve that either then or very quickly, we will set another status after that, so we are not going to do that today. At the next hearing, we will set another status that will probably be pretty quick to figure out the Detective Switalski situation.

MS. MAISURIA: Thank you.

MR. KOSOGLAD: And one last issue before we reconvene. We filed a motion today I think just before the court hearing started. Our people were working on it. I am sure if they hadn't gotten it on file before, I am sure they have by now, but --

So

THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: It's on the docket now. 1 03:23:53 2 MR. KOSOGLAD: -- (continuing) with respect to some 03:23:54 3 issues going on with the IPRA investigators from this case and 03:23:55 their investigations, we need dates to take deposition dates 4 03:23:59 for them to be taken, but there has also been some problems 5 03:24:03 with the discovery responses from IPRA in this case and some 6 03:24:06 7 requests to admit. 03:24:10 So we filed a motion about that, and it might be 8 03:24:11 9 prudent to set a briefing schedule, or we can notice it and 03:24:14 have one set. 03:24:18 **10** 11 THE COURT: You believe that you have conferred with 03:24:19 them? You have had your Rule 37 conferral? 12 03:24:22 03:24:25 13 MR. KOSOGLAD: Yes, Judge. 03.24.27 14 MR. KABACINSKI: Your Honor, if I might be heard on 03:24:30 **15** that. 03:24:30 **16** THE COURT: Okav. 03:24:30 17 MR. KABACINSKI: We spoke about this issue last Friday afternoon, and Mr. Kosoglad told us he was going to 03:24:33 18 19 file a motion to compel. And we asked him what he wanted, 03:24:36 03:24:39 **20** what remedy he wanted from us, and his exact words were, you 03:24:43 **21** can find out in the motion. 03:24:44 **22** So it is our position that we have not met and 03:24:48 **23** conferred on this. We have not tried to remedy this. 03:24:50 **24** There were some depositions that were canceled, 03:24:55 **25** readily canceled. The City has agreed to pay for those.

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03:26:03 **25**

far as that goes, we think that issue is moot. But as to the rest of this, whatever is in that motion, I don't know.

MR. KOSOGLAD: I can clarify. This is not a motion for discovery at this point. This is a motion for sanctions, and --

MR. KABACINSKI: And again --

MR. KOSOGLAD: -- (continuing) we did confer. We asked on the record numerous times for an explanation as to what happened.

Basically, Defendant Hernandez in this case gave a statement to IPRA, and it wasn't produced for over four months while all the fact discovery was going on. There were other witness statements that were also not produced. And we found out about it at the deposition of the IPRA investigators, and we asked for an explanation. This is back in August. They didn't respond, we sent them an email, they didn't respond for over a month. I sent another email, and I said, okay, we are going forward with a motion. They called right away, we discussed it, and we explained it to them. We didn't say, you could find out in the motion; we told them exactly what the issues were.

You were present. You know what the issues were.

There have been some failures to comply with discovery.

There's been false admissions in requests to admit about facts that are germane to the case, and we have laid it all out in

1 03:26:06 2 03:26:06 3 03:26:10 4 03:26:14 5 03:26:19 6 03:26:22 7 03:26:27 8 03:26:29 9 03:26:32 10 03:26:35 11 03:26:38 12 03:26:41 03:26:45 13 14 03 · 26 · 51 15 03:26:51 03:26:54 16 03:26:54 17 03:26:57 18 03:27:00 19 03:27:02 **20** 03:27:05 **21** 03:27:09 **22** 03:27:12 **23**

03:27:12 **24**

03:27:16 **25**

the motion.

So to the extent that there has not been a good faith effort to resolve this, we think the motion speaks for itself. We put in there what the corresponding efforts were on our part. I don't know how that would be an issue.

MS. NOLLER: For the record, IPRA -- counsel for IPRA was not contacted, neither was Patrick, nor myself.

MR. KOSOGLAD: That is true, IPRA is not a party in the case. This is getting confusing to us, because IPRA was represented by two different law firms for a period. They also have Corporation Counsel representing the individual investigators who were present, and we are not seeking a sanction against IPRA. It's against the City, and IPRA is part of the City. And from our understanding, it was the City that didn't produce the information that ought to have been produced.

They knew that their discovery was incomplete, and they didn't say anything to us; they didn't do anything about it.

IPRA also has had attorneys -- had an attorney present, Claudia Silva (phonetic), when all of these issues arose.

THE COURT: Okay.

I will set a briefing schedule, and then you can still argue that they did not sufficiently confer. That is

1 03:27:20 2 03:27:24 3 03:27:46 03:27:52 4 5 03:27:53 6 03:27:57 7 03:28:02 8 03:28:06 9 03:28:09 03:28:14 **10** 03:28:18 11 12 03:28:19 03:28:22 13 03:28:29 14 15 03:28:33 03:28:37 16 03:28:40 17 03:28:44 18 03:28:44 19 03:28:47 **20** 03:28:50 **21** 03:28:55 **22** 03:28:58 **23** 03:29:02 **24**

03:29:05 **25**

a deposition.

completely up to you to do that.

So you haven't seen it, but let me give you -- let's see -- October 24, October 31 to reply. And then we will just leave that hanging for now.

MR. KOSOGLAD: Okay.

MR. SCAHILL: From Hernandez's perspective, the last time we were in here, there was a date set for service of nonparties. One of the more elusive of the nonparties was, in fact, served. Hopefully, knock on wood, they will show up for

THE COURT: Anything else from the City's counsel?

There were three others that we have been trying to serve, and we may -- you know, including, I believe -- my system was going to have them go out again this last weekend, but the deadline was Monday, and I don't believe those were successful, a couple of them, so we might be filing something. I will confer with counsel. I know there was a proviso in the minute order about diligence and the like, so I'll confer with them.

But we may file something with respect to -- I think there are about three of these folks that have proved elusive, despite my guy being out there on numerous occasions at residences that I think are confirmed residences.

THE COURT: And so from your perspective, those are the only remaining depositions, other than the Monell issues

1 03:29:10 2 03:29:10 3 03:29:14 4 03:29:24 5 03:29:24 6 03:29:25 7 03:29:28 8 03:29:30 9 03:29:31 10 03:29:33 11 03:29:38 12 03:29:40 03:29:42 13 14 03 - 29 - 50 15 03:29:53 03:29:57 16 03:30:01 17 03:30:04 18 03:30:07 19 03:30:09 20 03:30:11 21 03:30:11 22 03:30:14 **23** 03:30:17 **24** 03:30:20 **25**

that are hanging out?

MR. SCAHILL: Well, the ones that Ms. Maisuria had referenced also, Switalski and Bonnie Greenstein, yes, for fact witnesses.

THE COURT: Right.

And is that the same for the City, I take it?

MR. KABACINSKI: That is our understanding as well, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And then with regard to -- other than this aspect of the Monell discovery, is there anything else going on with Monell discovery?

MR. KOSOGLAD: There is the production of the shooting files, which we don't -- which has not begun. We don't really have any kind of understanding of when that is going to be produced. They told us in August that it would begin now, and it hasn't begun, so I don't know.

MS. MAISURIA: They have agreed to produce them on a rolling basis, a hundred files a week, but they are unable to tell us when they can start doing that.

MR. KABACINSKI: And if I may be heard on that, Your Honor.

These files were produced to us from the Department of Justice as part of the DOJ investigation, larger DOJ investigation, of Chicago Police Department policies and practices.

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03:31:43 **25**

Generally, when we get a log file, it is a single PDF of the summary digest report, the findings, and then all the attachments.

It was not produced to us from the Department of Justice in that way. We just have thousands of individual PDFs that are not labeled, that are not in order, and so we are going through those in sort of a first-pass review, order them, put them in a format we can produce to plaintiff that makes sense, because the time period for the DOJ files that were produced to us is different from the time period for the files that were requested by plaintiff. It is broader. So not all the files that we have will be responsive to the agreement we have made with plaintiff. So we have to screen them first, and then we have to redact them and Bates stamp them.

Currently, I believe there are 140-some volumes of files, they are in just individual file folders on our drive. The first pass review has made it through about 45 at this point. We are getting through, it seems like, about 20 a week.

Once that is completed, I have been told by the paralegals that will be in charge of redacting and Bates stamping and producing these that they can get through a hundred files a week, but it is a matter of getting them to that point before we can be able to guarantee that.

1 03:31:48 2 03:31:50 3 03:31:55 4 03:31:58 5 03:31:59 6 03:32:01 7 03:32:04 8 03:32:08 9 03:32:13 03:32:16 **10** 11 03:32:21 12 03:32:25 03:32:29 13 03.32.32 14 15 03:32:36 03:32:43 16 03:32:46 17 03:32:50 18 03:32:52 19 03:32:55 **20** 03:32:56 **21** 03:32:57 **22** 03:33:00 **23** 03:33:02 **24** 03:33:02 **25**

THE COURT: Do you -- Okay.

So you went to the DOJ because they had already had electronic versions of the file?

MR. KABACINSKI: Correct, Your Honor.

We made an agreement with plaintiff's counsel, because we were doing this as part of the DOJ investigation already. It was going to save plaintiff's counsel an estimated 50,000 or \$60,000 in discovery, because we agreed to split costs, and with the amount of documents that we are talking about here, we had an estimate in the low six figures. This was work that had already been done, it was being done as part of that, and so we could do it for free. It just was going to take a little while. And that was the agreement. And I think -- we are at a point now where we know what needs to be done, and we have some time horizon to do it. And I don't think it is really holding up the rest of the case.

We are still engaged in fact discovery on the underlying case. I can't guarantee a date certain by which we can begin this, but I don't think it should take a whole lot longer.

THE COURT: Just to be clear --

MR. KABACINSKI: I can see that Mr. Kosoglad is not pleased by that, but I mean, that's where we're at.

MR. KOSOGLAD: I think actually -- I was going to say, okay. I don't think that I'm complaining about that at

03:33:09	1	all.
03:33:09	2	THE COURT: I understand the misinterpretation of
03:33:11	3	body language.
03:33:11	4	MR. KABACINSKI: Then I apologize.
03:33:13	5	THE COURT: That is okay.
03:33:14	6	Let me just ask, though, do you think that the DOJ
03:33:17	7	gave you the electronic versions in the way that they got it?
03:33:21	8	MR. KABACINSKI: I have no idea, Your Honor. I don't
03:33:25	9	know how it was produced to DOJ, how they have cataloged it,
03:33:30	10	how it is in their system, and then how it got in our system.
03:33:34	11	THE COURT: Because the way that you usually get it
03:33:37	12	from IPRA is a single PDF, and it is in that format that you
03:33:40	13	just described, right?
03:33:42	14	MR. KABACINSKI: Generally, yes.
03:33:43	15	THE COURT: And so I would think that when IPRA
03:33:46	16	produced it to the DOJ, they would have done the same thing.
03:33:50	17	MR. KABACINSKI: You know, I think when we first
03:33:52	18	discussed this with plaintiff's counsel, that was our
03:33:55	19	understanding as well.
03:33:56	20	THE COURT: Okay.
03:33:57	21	MR. KABACINSKI: As it turns out, after looking at
03:33:59	22	some of these volumes is that each individual attachment is
03:34:02	23	its own PDF, instead of being all in one folder.
03:34:05	24	THE COURT: And so does IPRA not have the version
03:34:15	25	that they sent to the DOJ?

MR. KABACINSKI: I don't know the specifics on that, 1 03:34:17 Your Honor. 2 03:34:20 3 THE COURT: Why don't you ask them? Because it does 03:34:20 not make sense that IPRA would not have kept their own copy, 4 03:34:24 5 although maybe it is on a local drive. 03:34:28 (Whereupon, laughter was heard in the courtroom.) 6 03:34:33 THE COURT: Jokes aside, if they produced it in the 7 03:34:35 way that you are used to it, then maybe they can just give you 8 03:34:38 9 a copy of that, and you don't have to do -- you can cut the 03:34:42 middleman out. 03:34:51 **10** 11 And then also -- because you have these in individual 03:34:54 12 PDFs, the -- it was not organized in a way where it was 03:34:57 03:35:08 13 investigation by investigation? 03:35:10 14 MR. KABACINSKI: So what it seems like is that you 03:35:12 **15** have all of the files from one investigation that are all 03:35:17 **16** together, they are all in a row, but then the files 03:35:20 17 immediately preceding that and immediately following that may be from an investigation five years in the future or five 03:35:24 18 03:35:27 19 years in the past. They are not really in chronological 03:35:30 **20** order. 03:35:31 **21** THE COURT: And I can see the problem there. Okay. 03:35:34 **22** Had it been in chronological order, then it is not that hard to --03:35:37 **23** 03:35:38 **24** MR. KABACINSKI: I agree. 03:35:39 **25** (Continuing) -- to select a bunch of THE COURT:

03:35:42	1	documents and create a PDF.
03:35:44	2	MR. KABACINSKI: I agree.
03:35:45	3	
03:35:46	4	THE COURT: Okay.
03:35:46	5	So please do ask IPRA whether they kept a copy, and
03:35:50	6	maybe theirs is in a chronological way. But other than that,
03:35:54	7	I think they are doing the best they can.
03:35:57	8	Okay. I will see you October 17th.
03:36:01	9	MR. KOSOGLAD: Thank you.
03:36:01	10	MS. MAISURIA: Thank you, Your Honor.
03:36:05	11	MR. KABACINSKI: Thank you.
03:36:07	12	MS. FRONCZAK: Thank you.
03:36:13	13	MS. NOLLER: Thanks, Your Honor.
03:36:15	14	MR. MCMAHON: Thank you, Your Honor.
03:36:17	15	MR. SCAHILL: Thank you.
03:36:21	16	THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Court is adjourned.
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	18	(Proceedings concluded.)
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